CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0652 PHYSICAL SCIENCE

0652/62

Paper 6 (Alternative to Practical), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



	Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0652	62
1		0.52 A, 0.42 A (± 0.1) ;; 0.95 V, 1.15 V (± 0.1) ;;		[4]
		0.95/0.52 = 1.83 (ecf); 1.14/0.42 = 2.74 (ecf);		[2]
		1.83/40 x 100 = 4.58 ; 2.74/60 x 100 = 4.56 ;		[2]
	the a the v	answer) contact was not exactly on the mark; contact readings were not accurate enough; coltmeter readings were not accurate enough; vire had heated up;		[max 1]
	(c) (add	them all up and divide by 5 to) find the average;		[1]
				[Total: 10]
				[
2		35 degrees ; 50 degrees ;		[2]
	(ii) (0.57 ; 0.77 ;		[2]
	. , . , .	points correctly plotted \pm half square (allow 1 error); straight line drawn (line crosses at 100 max 2); extending to sine $\theta = 1.00$;		[3]
	(ii)	mass = 104 g (or as candidate's graph) ;		[1]
	. ,	riction;		[1]
	(111)	nouon ,		ניז
	(c) (the mass	results should be the same) because gravity acts equases);	ally (on all three	[1]
				[Total: 10]
3	(a) obse	rvations: bubbling is seen ;		
		oops ; <i>lusion</i> : hydrogen ;		[3]
	(b) red (OR red-brown OR brown ; (reject yellow)		[1]
	(c) (i) (green ;		[1]

	Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – October/November 2012	0652	62
		observation: green ; conclusion: iron($\underline{\mathrm{II}}$) hydroxide ;		[2]
	(d) white	e precipitate ;		[1]
	(e) magr	nesium, zinc ;		[1]
	(f) FeCl	7 ₃ ;		[1]
				[Total: 10]
4	. , . ,	24°; 52.5°;		[2]
	(ii) 1	13.5°;		[1]
		experiment 1 exothermic ; experiment 2 endothermic ;		[2]
		lent bonds (in oxygen) ; / electrovalent (bonds in white solid) ;		[2]
	(c) (i)	37.5°;		[1]
	V	EITHER each oxygen atom shares two electrons; with two hydrogen atoms (accept any covalent molecule) OR correct diagram showing covalent bond formation; n a molecule with correct formula;	•	
		(accept for 1 mark, idea of sharing electrons)		[max 2]
				[Total: 10]
5	(a) 30° =	= 13, 42° = 26, 49° = 37 (all 3 for 1 mark);		[1]
(b) suitable scale chosen, both axes labelled;				
	all points plotted correctly (half square tolerance); curve drawn;			[3]
	(c) (i) t	he bubbles will come too quickly for the marks to be mad	e (accurately) ;	[1]
		particles have more energy/move faster; more (effective) collisions (per unit time);		[2]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0652	62
+ wa	 (i) carbon dioxide (or carbonic acid) + calcium hydroxide → calcium carbonate + water ;; (all four correctly named 2 marks, two or three correctly named 1 mark) 		
(all I	(all lour correctly harned 2 marks, two or three correctly harned 1 mark)		
(ii) calci	ium carbonate is insoluble in water ;		[1]
			[Total: 10]
6 (a) (i) 113.	6g;		[1]
(ii) 37.8	g;		[1]
(b) (i) 91 cr	m^3 ;		[1]
(ii) 41 cr	m ³ ;		[1]
	= mass/volume or 37.8/41; g/cm³ (ecf);		[2]
` hexane r	s not as dense as ice ; nelts at a temperature lower than –5°C ; does not dissolve / react with ice ;		[max 2]
. , . ,	loats on the surface AND the polar bears can walk under the ice/other suitable answer;	on it/so that fish	can [1]
	polar ice may melt AND the habitat of the royed/they may drown/other suitable answer;	polar bear will	be [1]
			[Total: 10]